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IMF Working Paper

**Does Prolonged Monetary Policy Easing
Increase Financial Vulnerability?**

by Stephen Cecchetti, Tommaso Mancini-Griffoli, and Machiko Narita

I N T E R N A T I O N A L M O N E T A R Y F U N D

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Monetary and Capital Markets Department

Does Prolonged Monetary Policy Easing Increase Financial Vulnerability?**Prepared by Stephen Cecchetti, Tommaso Mancini-Griffoli, and Machiko Narita¹**

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Abstract

Using firm-level data for approximately 1,000 bank and nonbank financial institutions in 22 countries over the past 15 years we study the impact of prolonged monetary policy easing on risk-taking behavior. We find that the leverage ratio, as well as other measures of firm-level vulnerability, increases for banks and nonbanks as domestic monetary policy easing persists. Cross-border effects are also notable. We find effects of roughly similar magnitude on foreign financial sector firms when the U.S. eases policy. Results appear robust to a variety of specifications, and to be non-linear, with risk-taking behavior rising most quickly at the onset of monetary policy easing.

JEL Classification Numbers: E44, E52, E33, G21, G23, G32.

Keywords: Banks, nonbank financial institutions, prolonged monetary policy easing, financial vulnerability, financial stability, risk-taking behavior, spillovers.

Author's E-Mail Address: cecchetti@brandeis.edu, tmancinigriffoli@imf.org, mnarita@imf.org

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